1-3 GRDD CLSWRK Continuity, End Behavior, and Limits

Determine whether each function is continuous at the given x-value(s). Justify using the continuity test. If discontinuous, identify the type of discontinuity as infinite, jump, or removable.

1.
$$f(x) = -\frac{2}{3x^2}$$
; at $x = -1$

2.
$$f(x) = \frac{x-2}{x+4}$$
; at $x = -4$

1a.

1b.

	X		

1c.

2a.

2h.

_~•				
		X		

2c.

3.
$$f(x) = x^3 - 2x + 2$$
; at $x = 1$

4.
$$f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x^2+3x+2}$$
; at $x = -1$ and $x = -2$

3a.

3b.

		X		

3c.

4a1.

4h1

ľ	TU1.								
				X					
				21					

4c1.

4a2.

4h2

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			v						
			Λ						

4c2.

Determine between which consecutive integers the real zeros of each function are located on the given interval.

5.
$$f(x) = x^3 + 5x^2 - 4$$
; [-6, 2]

6.
$$g(x) = x^4 + 10x - 6$$
; [-3, 2]

5.

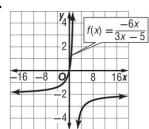
-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2

6.

-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	

Use The Graph Of Each Function To Describe Its End Behavior. Support The Conjecture Numerically.

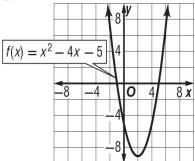
7.



7.

-10,000	-1,000	-100	0	100	1,000	10,000

8.



8.

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